

INSTRUCTION MANUAL (ANZEX) IS-mB1AN Min<mark>ia</mark>lite Intrinsically Safe Round LED Beacon



The IS-mB1AN beacon is compliant with to Australian/New Zealand Certification Scheme for Explosion-Protected Electrical Equipment. **ANZEx Scheme**

1. INTRODUCTION

The IS-mB1AN is an ANZEx certified intrinsically safe beacon which will produce a visual warning in a hazardous area. Red, Amber, Green and Blue output models are available.

2. DESCRIPTION

The device will start to flash when power is applied to terminals + and -. The beacon has two flash rates one double flash per second and two double flashes per second. The flash rate is selected by setting an internal pin header. The unit is factory set to produce two double flashes per second.

3. SUPPLY VOLTAGE

The IS-mB1AN beacon has been designed to operate in a hazardous area via a certified Zener barrier or galvanic isolator. The beacon may be tested or used in safe areas without a Zener barrier or galvanic isolator, but at supply voltages above 16V the internal current limit will function and the brightness may be reduced. The beacon should not be continuously operated without a barrier or isolator with a supply voltage greater than 16V.

4. INTRINSIC SAFETY CERTIFICATION

4.1 ANZEx Certificate

The IS-mB1AN beacon complies with the following standards:-

IEC 60079-0: Edition 3.1

Electrical equipment for explosive atmospheres

Part 0: General requirements

IEC 60079-11: Edition 4

Electrical apparatus for explosive gas atmospheres

Part 11: Intrinsic safety

Ex ia IIC T4 (-40°C <= Ta <= +60°C) IP65

The certificate ANZEx 07.4044X has been issued by the Australian Body ITACS.

1) The certification marking is as follows:

IS-mB1AN Beacon

Ex ia IIC T4 (-40°C <=Ta<= +60°C) Ui = 28V li = 660mA Pi = 1.2W Ci = 0 Li = 0

Year / Serial No. 07 / 1MBAN000001 WARNING: POTENTIAL ELECTROSTATIC CHARGING HAZARD - SEE INSTRUCTIONS

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- 2) The equipment may be used in zones 0, 1 and 2 with flammable gases and vapours with apparatus groups IIA, IIB & IIC and with temperature classes T1. T2. T3 and T4.
- 3) The equipment is only certified for use in ambient temperatures in the range -40°C to +60°C and should not be used outside this range.
- The certificate number has an 'X' suffix, which indicates that the certificate contains one of more special conditions for safe use. Those installing or inspecting the equipment should refer to this section of the certificate.
- The equipment has not been assessed as a safetyrelated device (as referred to by Directive 94/9/EC Annex II, clause 1.5).
- Installation of this equipment shall be carried out by suitably-trained personnel in accordance with the applicable code of practice.
- 7) Repair of this equipment shall only be carried out by the manufacturer or in accordance with the applicable code of practice.
- The certification of this equipment relies on the following materials used in its construction:

ABS Plastic Enclosure: Polycarbonate

If the equipment is likely to come into contact with aggressive substances, then it is the responsibility of the user to take suitable precautions that prevent it from being adversely affected, thus ensuring that the type of protection is not compromised.

"Aggressive substances" - e.g. acidic liquids or gases that may attack metals, or solvents that may affect polymeric materials.

"Suitable precautions" - e.g. regular checks as part of routine inspections or establishing from the material's data sheet that it is resistant to specific chemicals.

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CONDITIONS OF CERTIFICATION (as stated in the Certificate ANZEx 07.4044X)

Conditions for IS-mB1AN Beacon

The equipment has an ingress protection rating of IP65. However, if it has been supplied without cable entry devices, then the user shall ensure that the devices that are fitted will provide an ingress protection that is appropriate to the environment in which it is installed i.e. IP20 or better. If only one of the two cable entries are used, then the unused entry 'knockout' shall be left intact or fitted with a blanking device that ensures ingress protection appropriate to the environment in which it is installed i.e. IP20 or better.

The equipment shall not be directly installed in any process where its enclosure might be electro-statically charged by the rapid flow of a non-conductive media.

The following entity parameters apply to the IS-mB1AN Beacon:

	Parameters				
Terminals	Ui	li	Pi	Ci	Li
+ wrt -	28V	660mA	1.2W	Negligible	Negligible

4.2 Zones, Gas Groups and T Rating

The IS-mB1AN LED beacon has been certified Ex ia IIC T4. When connected to an approved system it may be installed in:

Zone 0 explosive gas air mixture continuously present.

Zone 1 explosive gas air mixture likely to occur in normal operation.

Zone 2 explosive gas air mixture not likely to occur, and if it does, it will only exist for a short time.

Be used with gases in groups:

Group A propane Group B ethylene Group C hydrogen

Having a temperature classification of:

T1 450°C T2 300°C T3 200°C T4 135°C

4.3 Terminals + and - power supply

Power is supplied to the beacon via terminals + and - which have maximum input safety parameters of:

Ui = 28V Ii = 660mA Pi = 1.2W

Ci = 0 Li = 0

IS-mB1AN beacons may be powered from certified Zener barriers or galvanic isolators which have output parameters equal to or less than 28V, 660mA and 1,2W

Up to three IS-mB1AN beacons can be connected in parallel and be powered from a common barrier or isolator. Parallel connection of beacons will significantly reduce the brightness of each device.

The maximum permitted cable parameters defined by the barrier or isolator certificate must not be exceeded.

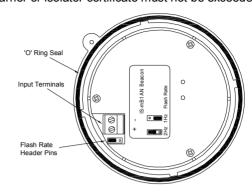


Fig 1 Location of field terminals and controls.

4.4 Other intrinsic safety certifications

Please contact European Safety Systems Ltd. for details of other intrinsic safety approvals.

5. INSTALLATION

In addition to the certification requirements shown in section 4.2, the environmental conditions must be within the limits shown on the product specification. The beacon enclosure provides IP65 protection and is suitable for installation in an exterior location if an appropriate sealed cable entry is used. IS-mB1AN beacons should only be installed by trained competent personnel.

5.1 Mounting

The IS-mB1AN minialite beacon may be secured to any flat surface by inserting two mounting screws through the back of the round base (see figure 2). The enclosure provides IP65 protection and is suitable for installation in exterior locations provided that the area around the two mounting screws through the back of the base moulding has been sealed and that suitable cable glands with the required IP rating have been used. The lens should be aimed towards the area where maximum visibility is required.

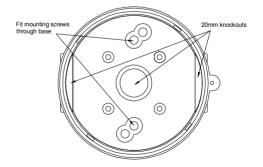


Fig 2 Mounting Beacon Base.

5.2 Installation procedure

a. Unscrew the beacon unit security screw and remove the beacon section from the base by turning it anticlockwise. Ensure that the 'O' ring seal remains in place.

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- b. Remove the required 20mm knockout section(s) depending on system wiring and mount the base to a flat surface by inserting two screws through the back of the base.
- c. Fit the required number of 20mm cable glands or conduit entries into the base and connect the field wiring to the appropriate beacon terminals as shown in section 6 and Fig 1 of this manual.
- d. Check that the 'O' ring seal is correctly located on the beacon section (see Fig. 1) and insert the beacon section into the base. Push it fully home and turn it clockwise to align the mouldings before tightening the security screw.

6. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM DESIGN FOR INSTALLATION IN HAZARDOUS AREAS USING ZENER BARRIERS

If the beacon is controlled by a switch in the positive supply, or the power supply is being turned on and off, only a single channel Zener barrier is required as shown in Fig 3. This circuit may also be used if the beacon is being controlled by a mechanically activated switch on the hazardous area side of the barrier. The power supply voltage should be between 20V and the maximum working voltage of the barrier. The circuit will continue to work at lower voltages, but the beacon light output level will be reduced.

If the beacon is being operated from a lower voltage power supply of say 12V or less, then a 15V 100 ohm barrier can be used which will improve the beacon light output levels at lower voltages.

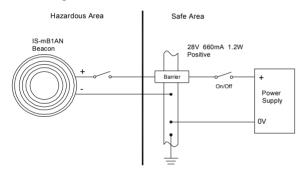


Fig 3 Using a single channel barrier.

If the beacon control switch is in the negative wire and the power supply 0V is earthed, the circuit shown in Fig 4 may be used. For simplicity the two barriers may be combined into one package. The power supply voltage should be between 21V and the maximum working voltage of the 28V barrier. The circuit will continue to work at lower voltages, but the beacon brilliance will be reduced.

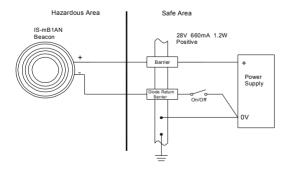


Fig 4 Single stage alarm using two channel barrier.

7. ELECTRICAL SYSTEM DESIGN FOR INSTALLATION IN HAZARDOUS AREAS USING GALVANIC ISOLATORS.

Galvanic isolators do not require a high integrity earth connection. For small systems where a high integrity earth is not already available, the use of galvanic isolators often reduces the overall installation cost and simplifies design.

The IS-mB1AN minialite beacon may be powered by any galvanic isolator having output parameters within the limits specified in section 4.3, which has been certified Ex ia. The beacon may be controlled by turning the galvanic isolator on and off, or by a mechanically activated switch on the hazardous area side of the isolator.

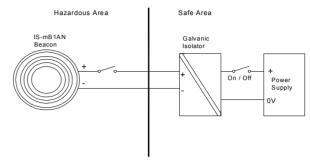


Fig 5 Basic circuit for use with a galvanic isolator.

The control arrangement will vary depending upon the isolator chosen. The galvanic isolator must be able to supply an output of 30mA at about 16V.

10. CABLE PARAMETERS

The maximum permitted cable parameters are as specified on the certificate of the Zener barrier or galvanic isolator that has been selected for the installation. Normally the limits are not restrictive, but care should be taken not to exceed a capacitive limit of 83nF for IIC installations when very long cables are used.

11. BEACON FLASH RATE

The IS-mB1AN can be set to two flash rates 1 double flash per second 1Hz (slow rate) or two double flashes per second 2Hz fast rate).

The flash rate is selected by the position of the pin header next to the input terminal block (see fig 1).

12. MAINTENANCE

The beacon should be regularly inspected to ensure that it has not been damaged. Frequency of inspection depends upon environmental conditions, but initially we recommend that this should be done annually.

No attempt should be made to repair a faulty IS-mB1AN beacon. Suspect beacons must be returned to European Safety Systems Ltd. or to your local agent for repair.

13. GUARANTEE

Beacons which fail within the guarantee period should be returned to European Safety Systems Ltd. or our local agent. It is helpful if a brief description of the fault symptoms is provided.

14. CUSTOMER COMMENTS

European Safety Systems Ltd. are always pleased to receive comments from customers about our products and services. All communications are acknowledged and whenever possible, suggestions are implemented.

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